# Municipal Report



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Municipality of the County of Pictou

Department of Municipal Affairs and Housing

Municipal Profile and Financial Condition Indicators Results

Table of Contents Introduction	
Chapter 1 - Highlights	
Municipal Highlights	
About the Municipality	
Population Highlights	
Financial Highlights	
Revenue	
Expenses	6
Annual Surplus	6
Debt	6
Financial Condition Indicators Highlights	7
Chapter 2 - Municipal Profile	9
Municipal Composition	10
Population Trends	10
Economic Indicators	12
Chapter 3 - Financial Information	13
General Overview:	13
Financial Reporting Compliance:	13
Revenue:	14
Property Assessment Information	16
Expenses:	17
Accumulated Surplus (Deficit)	20
Debt	
Chapter 4 - Financial Condition Indicators:	
House Model	22
The Model:	
Pictou's Overall Assessment	23
Pictou's House Model	24
The Base FCI Indicators	26
Reliance on a Single Business or Institution	26
Three-Year Change in Tax Base	
Posidential Tax Effort	20
Residential Tax Effort	20
FCI Indicators – Structure (Management) Indicators	
FCI Indicators – Structure (Management) Indicators Debt Service	29 29
FCI Indicators – Structure (Management) Indicators Debt Service Outstanding Operating Debt	29 29 
FCI Indicators – Structure (Management) Indicators Debt Service Outstanding Operating Debt Operating Reserve	
FCI Indicators – Structure (Management) Indicators Debt Service Outstanding Operating Debt Operating Reserve Uncollected Taxes	29 
FCI Indicators – Structure (Management) Indicators Debt Service Outstanding Operating Debt Operating Reserve Uncollected Taxes Undepreciated Assets	
FCI Indicators – Structure (Management) Indicators Debt Service Outstanding Operating Debt Operating Reserve Uncollected Taxes Undepreciated Assets 5-Year Budget Accuracy	
FCI Indicators – Structure (Management) Indicators Debt Service Outstanding Operating Debt Operating Reserve Uncollected Taxes Undepreciated Assets 5-Year Budget Accuracy FCI- Key Performance Indicators –	29 29 30 31 32 33 33 34 35
FCI Indicators – Structure (Management) Indicators Debt Service Outstanding Operating Debt Operating Reserve Uncollected Taxes Undepreciated Assets 5-Year Budget Accuracy	29 29 30 31 32 33 33 34 35 35

Liquidity	37
Combined Reserves	
Appendix I – Additional Resources	



# Introduction

The Department of Municipal Affairs and Housing compiles municipal indicators on behalf of the Nova Scotia Government and Association of Municipal Administrators of Nova Scotia (AMANS) that focus on three areas:

- financial matters;
- administration of the municipality; and
- characteristics of the community.

This report creates a snapshot from those financial and demographic statistics to help community members and decision makers better understand:

- the municipality in which they live;
- the municipality's key characteristics; and
- the municipality's financial risks.

The snapshot makes it easy to:

- compare the Three-Year Change in Tax Base indicator to understand the municipality's revenue growth in comparison to cost of living; and
- use the change in population to indicate whether a community's population is growing or declining and its potential impact on municipal revenues and expenses.

# **Chapter 1 - Highlights**

# **Municipal Highlights**

# About the Municipality

Name:	County of Pictou
County:	Pictou County
Approximate size:	2,797 km <sup>2</sup>

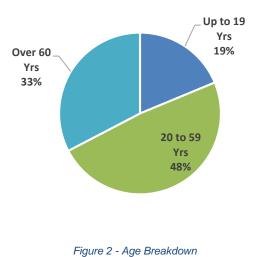
Number of dwellings: 11,926





# **Population Highlights**

Population 2016:	20,690
Population 5-year trend:	-2.8%
County 5-year trend:	-4.2%
Demographic trend:	Aging
Up to 19 Yrs.	19%
20 to 59 Yrs.	48%
Over 60 Yrs.	33%



# **Financial Highlights**

### Revenue

Total consolidated revenue:	\$19.5 million
Revenue generated from own revenue1:	81%
Total operating revenue:	\$15.4 million
Largest operating revenue:	92% Property taxes and payments in lieu of Taxes

# Expenses

Total consolidated expenses:	\$15.9 million
Total operating fund expenses:	\$13.3 million
Largest operating fund expense:	48%
	Protective services: police and fire

# **Annual Surplus**

Annual consolidated surplus(deficit):	\$3.5 million
Consolidated accumulated surplus (deficit):	\$59.3 million
Annual operating surplus (deficit):	\$449 K

### Debt

Total consolidated long-term debt:	\$0
Total general fund long-term debt:	\$0
Operating fund bank indebtedness:	\$584 K

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Consolidated revenue excluding government transfers

# **Financial Condition Indicators Highlights**

Overall Assessment Green (low risk)

The overall Financial Conditions Index assessment for the County of Pictou is green (low risk). This means that, although the Municipality has a few challenges, it is considered low risk for fiscal instability.

As shown in the House model below, Pictou's FCIs are comprised of:

Low risk (green):	12 indicators
Moderate risk <mark>(yellow</mark> ):	0 indicator
High risk <mark>(red):</mark>	1 indicator

Details on the individual FCI assessments and the Municipality's specific challenges are provided below. For more in-depth information, refer to Chapter 4.



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# Two-Year Comparison of Financial Condition Indicators

2019	2018	+/-	2019 Rural Avg.
9.4%	9.5%	-0.2%	6.9%
2.6%	2.8%	-0.2%	3.3%
1.8%	1.7%	0.0%	2.1%
6.0%	6.0%	-0.1%	8.2%
0 2/5	<b>0</b> 3/5	-1	3.6/5
29.0%	34.5%	-5.4%	48.7%
0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	4.3%
.0%	7.4%	-3.5%	3.3%
<b>71.8%</b>	73.3%	-1.5%	60.1%
0/5	0/5	0	0.3/5
2.3	2.1	0.2	3.6
1.9%	1.9%	0.0%	3.4%
46.6%	44.2%	2.5%	79.6%
	<ul> <li>9.4%</li> <li>2.6%</li> <li>1.8%</li> <li>6.0%</li> <li>2/5</li> <li>29.0%</li> <li>0.0%</li> <li>4.0%</li> <li>71.8%</li> <li>0/5</li> <li>2.3</li> <li>1.9%</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>9.4%</li> <li>9.5%</li> <li>2.6%</li> <li>2.8%</li> <li>1.8%</li> <li>1.7%</li> <li>6.0%</li> <li>6.0%</li> <li>2/5</li> <li>3/5</li> <li>29.0%</li> <li>34.5%</li> <li>0.0%</li> <li>0.0%</li> <li>4.0%</li> <li>7.4%</li> <li>71.8%</li> <li>73.3%</li> <li>0/5</li> <li>0/5</li> <li>2.3</li> <li>2.1</li> <li>1.9%</li> <li>1.9%</li> </ul>	9.4%       9.5%       -0.2%         2.6%       2.8%       -0.2%         1.8%       1.7%       0.0%         6.0%       6.0%       -0.1%         22/5       3/5       -1         29.0%       34.5%       -5.4%         0.0%       0.0%       0.0%         4.0%       7.4%       -3.5%         71.8%       73.3%       -1.5%         0/5       0/5       0         2.3       2.1       0.2         1.9%       1.9%       0.0%

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# **Chapter 2 - Municipal Profile**

Municipalities are diverse and operate within unique demographic and economic characteristics. These characteristics have a significant impact on municipal performance and subsequent strategies required to ensure a sustainable environment. This chapter outlines the unique demographic and economic characteristics of the Municipality, specifically its composition, population trends, demographics, median household income levels, employment rates, and educational attainment. The municipal profile trends could have impacts on the current and potential future tax base for a municipality.

### **Municipal Composition**

Name:	County of Pictou
County:	Pictou County
Government:	12 elected councillors (including the Warden)
Geographic area:	2,797 km <sup>2</sup>
Number of dwellings:	11,926

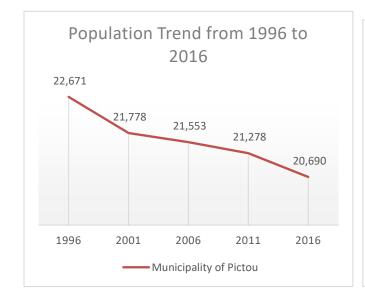
# **Population Trends**

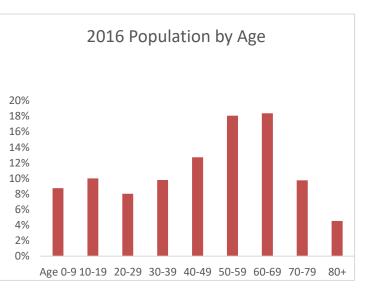
Population:	20,690
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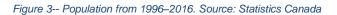
Provincial population: 2.3%

20-year trend:	Declining [supported by Figure 3 below)
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Age trend: Majority between 40-69 years of age [supported by Figure 4 below)









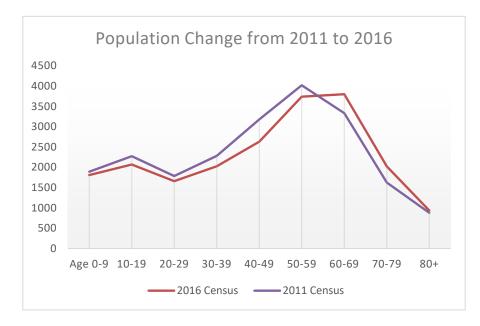
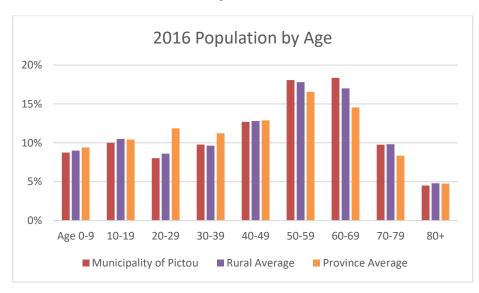


Figure 5- Population Age Change from 2011 to 2016. Source: Statistics Canada



According to the 2016 Census, similar to most rurals in Nova Scotia, the majority of Pictou's citizens are between the ages of 40 and 69.

Figure 6 - Comparison of Population by Age for 2011 and 2016. Source: Statistics Canada

# **Economic Indicators**

Along with population trends, employment rates and median household income are important economic indicators. Education levels can also play a crucial role in economic and social progress and can help improve income distribution. These factors provide an indication of the wellbeing of the economy and labour force.

	2016 Census	2011 Census	+/-	Rural Average
Median Household Income	\$62,633	\$50,417	\$12,216	\$57, 294
Employment Rate	50.8%	55.6%	-4.8%	50.1%
Education Beyond High School	55.1%	50.5%	4.6%	49.4%

Source: 2011 and 2016 Statistics Canada

Median household income:	Pictou's median household income is higher than the Provincial rural average, and increased since 2011.
Employment rate:	In a healthy economy, the employment rate is between 97% and 95%. The County of Pictou's employment rate is slightly above the Provincial rural average, although it has decreased.
Education level:	Pictou's education level is higher than the Provincial rural average and has increased since 2011.

# **Chapter 3 - Financial Information**

### **General Overview:**

Audited financial statements are presented on a consolidated basis. These consolidated financial statements present all municipal entities as one single reporting entity:

- all the individual funds managed by the Municipality
- organizations or enterprises that the Municipality owns or controls, such as:
  - Water Utility

The Municipality's non-consolidated financial statements<sup>•</sup> present only the individual funds managed by the Municipality, such as the General Operating Fund, General Capital Fund, Water Operating Fund, Water Capital Fund, Non-operating Reserve Fund, and the Operating Reserve Fund. Non-consolidated financial statements are reconciled but not audited.<sup>2</sup>

### **Financial Reporting Compliance:**

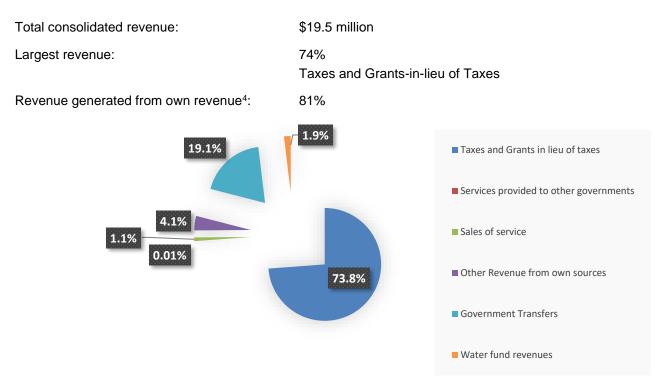
Audited financial statements and financial information return submitted:	yes
Submission of financial information:	After deadline <sup>3</sup>
Financial statements include:	
Remuneration and Expenses for Elected Officials and CAO/Clerk Note:	yes
Unqualified Opinion:	yes
Quarterly Expenditure report posted online:	yes
Summary Expenditure Report submitted:	yes
Statement of Estimates and assessment information submitted:	yes

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Please be advised that, although the Department reconciles, at a high level, a municipality's non-consolidated financial statements to the consolidated financial statements, the non-consolidated financial statements are usually not audited nor presented in full accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Annually, municipalities are required to submit their financial information by Sept 30<sup>th</sup>.

### **Revenue:**

**\$19.5 M** 2019 Consolidated Revenue





The graph above and table below show the Municipality's revenue divided into six categories on a consolidated basis.

	Consolidated Revenue
Taxes and Grants-in-lieu of taxes:	\$14.4 million
Services provided to other governments:	1.2 thousand
Sales of services:	0.2 million
Other revenue from own sources:	0.8 million
Government Transfers:	3.7 million
Net Income from government business enterprises:	n/a
Water Fund revenues:	0.4 million

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Consolidated revenue excluding government transfers

# **\$15.4 M** 2019 General Operating Revenue

Total operating revenue:	\$15.4 million		
Largest revenue:	92% Property taxes and payments in lieu of taxes		
Uncollected Taxes:	6.0%		
Reliance on Government transfers	1.9%		
1.3% 1.7% 0.01%	<ul> <li>3.3%</li> <li>2.1%</li> <li>0.1%</li> <li>9. Net Property Taxes and payments in lieu of taxes</li> <li>Grants in lieu of taxes</li> <li>Grants in lieu of taxes</li> <li>Services provided to other governments</li> <li>Sales of service</li> <li>Other revenue from own sources</li> <li>Unconditional transfers</li> <li>Conditional transfers</li> </ul>		

Figure 8 – General Operating Revenue Source: 2019 Financial Information Return (FIR)

The graph above and table below show the Municipality's operating fund revenue divided into 7 categories.

Net property taxes and payments in lieu of taxes:	14.1 million
Grants-in-lieu of taxes:	0.3 million
Services provided to other governments:	1.2 thousand
Sales of services:	0.2 million
Other revenue from own sources:	0.5 million
Unconditional transfers from other governments:	0.3 million
Conditional transfers from other governments:	22 thousand

### **Property Assessment Information**

Since property taxes are a primary source of revenue for most municipalities, special emphasis has been placed on reviewing assessment trends.

Three-year change in uniform assessment:5	9.4%
	growth keeps pace with the cost of living
Highest reliance on a single business or institution: Residential Tax Effort:	2.6% not dependent (low risk) 1.8% has some flexibility (low risk)

The line graphs below show the five-year trend for the residential and commercial portion of the municipality's uniform assessment.



Figure 9- Residential assessment value over the last five years. Source: 2015-2019 Statement of Estimates Assessment

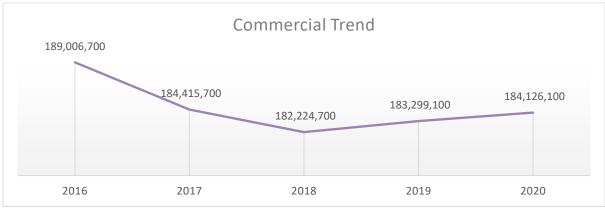


Figure 10- Commercial assessment value over the last five years. Source: 2015-2019 Statement of Estimates Assessment

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Uniform assessment is the value of a municipality's taxable property assessment plus the capitalized value of payments made in lieu of taxes.

### **Expenses:**

**\$15.9 M** 2019 Consolidated Expenses

Total consolidated expenses: \$15.9 million 40% Largest expense: Protective services: police and fire 2% 4% General Government services 4% 3% Protective Services 20% Transportation services Environmental Health Services 22% Public Health Services Environmental development 40% Services Recreation and Cultural 5% services Water expenses

#### Figure 11- Consolidated Expenses Source: 2019 Financial Information Return

The graph above and table below show the Municipality's consolidated expenses divided into eight functions.

General government:	Consolidated Expenses \$3.1 million
Protective services:	6.4 million
Transportations:	0.7 million
Environmental health services:	3.5 million
Public Health services:	0.5 million
Environmental development services:	0.6 million
Recreation and Cultural:	0.7 million
Extraordinary or special items:	n/a
Water expenses:	0.4 million

# \$13.3 M 2019 General Expenses

Total operating fund expenses:\$13.3 millionLargest operating fund expense:48%Protective services: police and fireOperating reserves as percentage of expenses:29% (low risk)

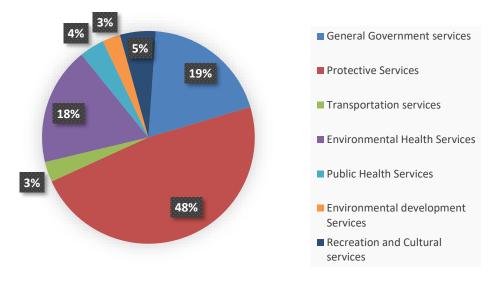


Figure 12- Operating General Fund Expenses. Source: 2019 Financial Information Return

As shown in the pie chart above, expenses for Pictou are comprised of:

General Government services:	2.6 million
Protective services:	6.4 million
Transportation services:	0.4 million
Environmental Health services:	2.4 million
Public Health services:	0.5 million
Environmental Development services:	0.4 million
Recreation and Cultural services:	0.7 million

• 18

The graph below shows the expenses by function for the municipal operations or General Operating Fund expenses compared to the provincial rural average.

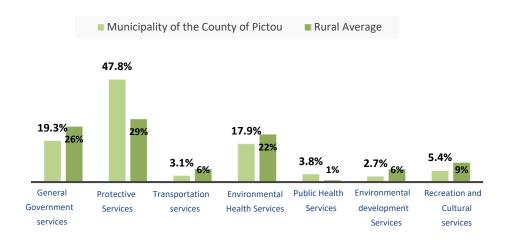


Figure 13 – Comparison of General Fund Expenses to Provincial Rural Average. Source: 2019 Financial Information Return

### **Accumulated Surplus (Deficit)**

Annual Surplus: Revenue - expenses Note: This amount is added to the accumulated surplus (deficit).

Total annual consolidated surplus(deficit):	\$3.5 million
Total consolidated accumulated surplus (deficit):	\$59.3 million
Total annual operating surplus (deficit):	\$449 K
Number of operating deficits in the last 5 years:	0

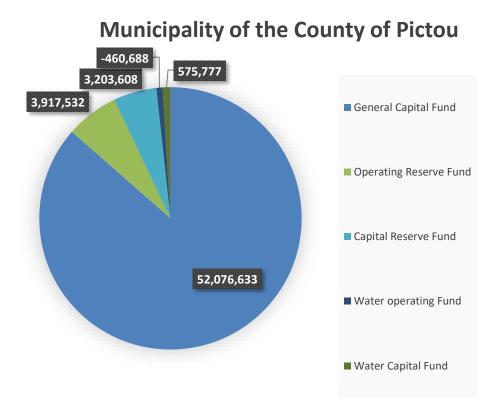


Figure 14- Consolidated Accumulated Surplus by Fund. Source: 2019 Financial Information Return

# Debt

Total consolidated long-term debt:	\$0
Total general operating fund long-term debt:	\$0
Debt Service Ratio:	0.0%
Operating fund bank indebtedness:	\$583.7 K
Outstanding operating debt as percentage of:	4.0%
Net Property Taxes/Payments in Lieu of Taxes, Grants in Lieu of Taxes, and Government Transfers	

# Chapter 4 - Financial Condition Indicators: House Model

The Financial Condition Indicators (FCIs)<sup>6</sup> condense multiple sources of information into a single visual g "House Model" graph. The House Model gives a quick visual of a municipality's strengths and possible areas where a municipality may want to focus its attention.

# The Model:

The Model consists of 13 indicators organized into base, structure and roof, focusing on:

- roof: 4 key performance indicators;
- structure: 6 financial indicators that concern management and debt; and
- base: 3 indicators relating to internal and external factors that could impact the municipality's revenue stream.

#### **Risk thresholds:**

Each indicator is assessed against a risk threshold:

- low risk (green);
- moderate risk (yellow); and
- high risk (red).

#### **Overall assessment:**

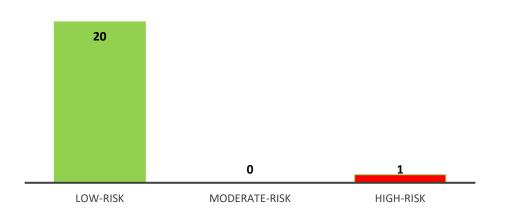
The Department calculates an overall assessment for fiscal instability:

- low risk (green): 10–13 FCIs meets low risk threshold;
- Moderate risk (yellow): 8–9 FCIs meets low risk threshold; and
- High risk (red): 7 or less FCIs meets low risk threshold.

# **Pictou's Overall Assessment**

Overall Assessment for:	County of Pictou
Financial Condition:	Low risk The overall Financial Conditions Index assessment for the County of Pictou is green (low risk).
	This means that, although the Municipality has a few challenges, it is considered low risk for fiscal instability.
Comparison:	Most of rurals municipalities are at low risk (see chart below).

# Rural's Overall Results 2018-2019



### **Pictou's House Model**

As shown in the House model below, Pictou's FCIs are comprised of:

Low risk: 12 indicators

Moderate risk: 0 indicator

High risk: 1 indicator

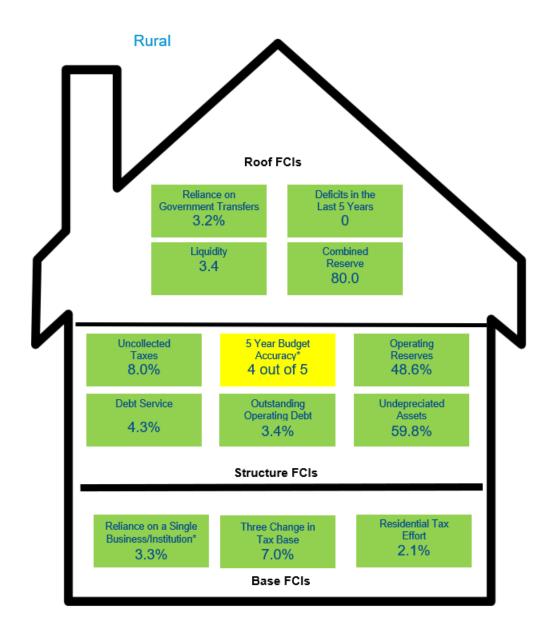
The House Model below provides details on the individual FCI assessments and the Municipality's specific challenges.



Please note FCIs are based on non-consolidated data.

### **Rurals's Average House Model**

The model below shows that, in general Nova Scotia's rurals are experiencing a few challenges.

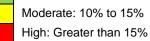


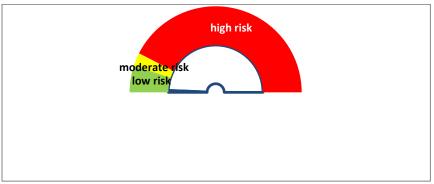
On average, the Rurals' challenges are concerning budget accuracy

# **The Base FCI Indicators**

# **Reliance on a Single Business or Institution**

2019 Results:	Low risk: 2.6%
	The largest single commercial or institutional account is only 2.6% of the Municipality's total Uniform Assessment.
What does it mean?	The Municipality is showing no vulnerability in this area.
	The Municipality's tax base is not dependent on one single business or institution.
Calculation:	Taxable assessment value of the largest business or institution = 2.6% Uniform Assessment
Risk Thresholds:	Low: Less than 10%





#### Pictou's tachometer is at 2.6%.

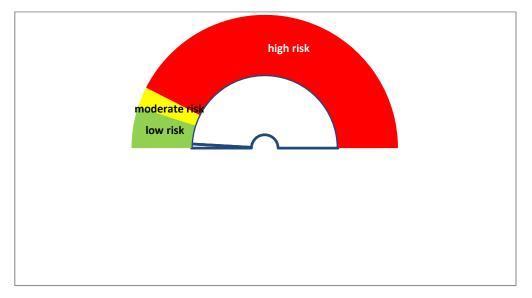
# Three-Year Change in Tax Base

2019 Results:	Low risk: 9.4%
What does it mean?	Growth is above the CPI % change of 5.2%. The municipality's tax base is strong to cover the cost of municipal services and programs.
Calculation:	<u>Current Uniform Assessment-Uniform Assessment 3 Years Prior</u> = 9.4% growth Uniform Assessment 3 Years Prior
Risk Thresholds:	
Thre	Low: Equal or above CPI % Change Moderate: Below CPI % Change, but not negative growth High: Negative growth ee year change in tax base in comparison to three-year change in CPI for the last 6 years
2014 2	2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 Municipality of the County of Pictou CPI

Figure 15- Three-year change in tax base as a comparison to CPI for the last six years, Source: Statement of Estimates Assessment and Statistics Canada.

# **Residential Tax Effort**

2019 Results:	<b>Low risk:</b> 1.8% of median household income is required to pay the average tax bill.
What does it mean?	The Municipality has some flexibility to increase the taxes, if required.
	This indicator helps council assess the affordability of municipal taxes in relation to the current service levels.
Calculation:	Total residential tax revenue per dwelling unit = 1.8%
	Median Household Income
Risk Thresholds:	
	Low risk: less than 4%
	Moderate risk: 4–6%
	High risk: greater than 6%



Pictou's tachometer is at 1.8%.

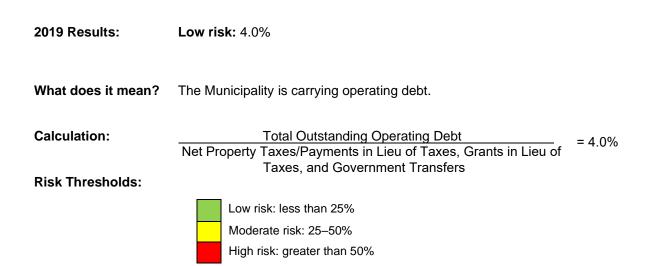
# FCI Indicators – Structure (Management) Indicators

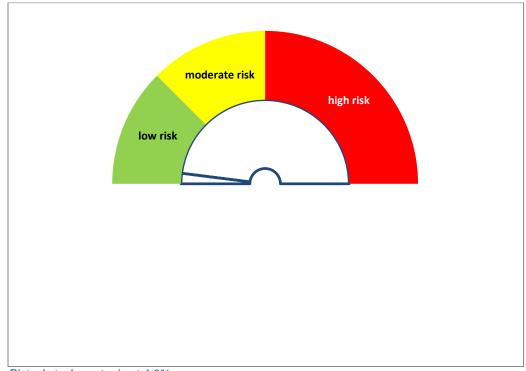
# **Debt Service**

2019 Results:	Low risk: 0.0%
What does it mean?	0% of owned source revenue is spent on principal and interest payments.
	With adequate cash flow, the Municipality has the potential for flexibility to increase borrowing levels to help finance future capital expenditures.
Calculation:	Principal and Interest Paid on Long-term Debt = 0.0% Total Own Source Operating Revenue
Risk Thresholds:	Low risk: less than 10% Moderate risk: 10–15% High risk: greater than 15%
	high risk erate tisk v risk

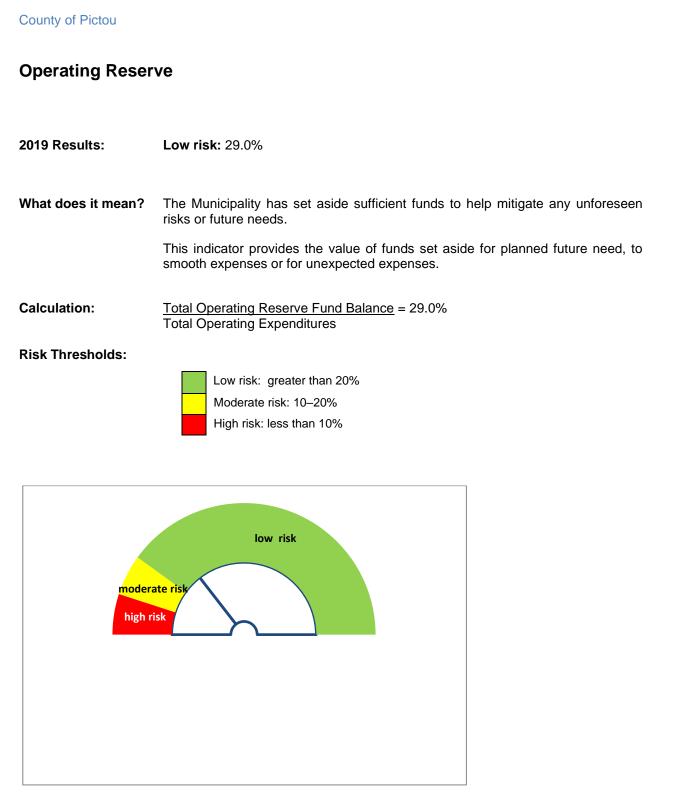
Pictou's tachometer is at 0.0%.

# **Outstanding Operating Debt**



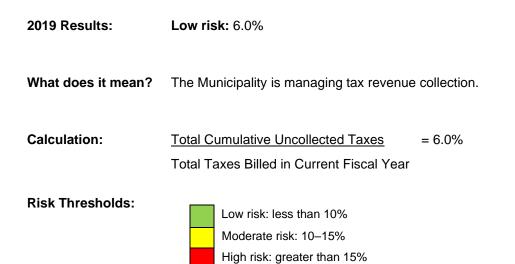


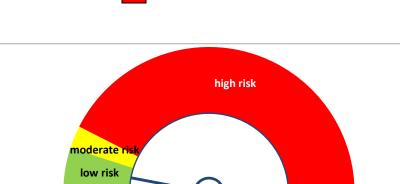
Pictou's tachometer is at 4.0%.



Pictou's tachometer is at 29.0%.

### **Uncollected Taxes**



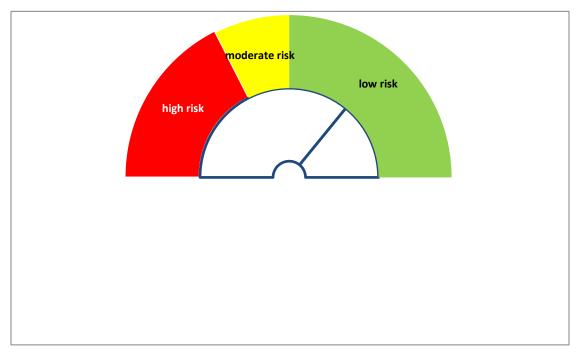




# **Undepreciated Assets**

2019 Results:	Low risk: 71.8%
What does it mean?	This indicator estimates that the Municipality's capital assets have 71.8% of useful life remaining.
	Municipalities across Canada are facing sufficient infrastructure challenges. This indicates that the Municipality is experiencing less of an infrastructure challenge than other municipalities.
Calculation:	<u>Total Net Book Value of Capital Assets</u> = 71.8% Gross Costs of Capital Assets
Risk Thresholds:	

# Low risk: greater than 50% Moderate risk: 35–50% High risk: less than 35%



Pictou's tachometer is at 71.8%.

### 5-Year Budget Accuracy

2019 Results:	<b>HIgh risk:</b> 2 of the last 5 years, actual expenditures were within +/- 5% of budget.
What does it mean?	The Municipality did not consistently maintain expenditure spending within budget limits.
	In 2016, actual expenses were 7.9% less than the budget.
	In 2018, actual expenses were 13.3% less than the budget.
	In 2019, actual expenses were 7.2% less than the budget.
Calculation:	<u>Total budget expenditures - Total actual expenditures</u> = 7.2% Total budget expenditures

#### **Risk Thresholds:**

Low: 5 out of 5 years, expenditures were within +/- 5% or expenditure and revenue variances were within +/- 5% of each other

Moderate: 4 out of 5 years, expenditures were within +/- 5%

High: Less than 4 out of 5 years, expenditures were within +/- 5%

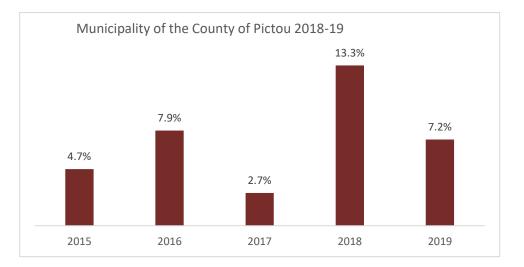
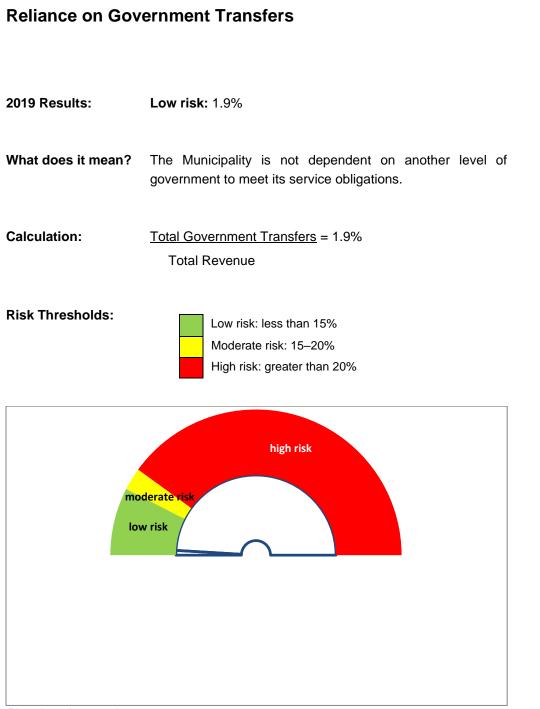


Figure 16- Operating budget variance over the last 5 years. Source: Financial Information Return and Statement of Estimates Budget.

# FCI- Key Performance Indicators -

the ability to meet current and future needs in a balanced and independent manner



Picotu's tachometer is at 1.9%.

# Number of Deficits in the Last 5 Years

2019 Results:	Low risk: 0 operating deficits in the last five years
What does it mean?	Deficits are important indications of financial health. The result indicates that the municipality is able to meet its needs in a balanced manner and maintain a balanced budget.
Calculation:	The number of non-consolidated operating deficits in the last five years = 0.

#### **Risk Thresholds:**

Low risk: 0 in the last 5 years Moderate 1 or more in the last 5 years High risk: 1 or more in the last 2 years with one material deficit (0.5% of operating expenses)

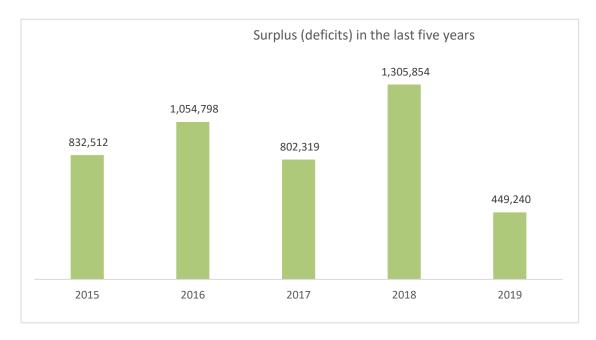
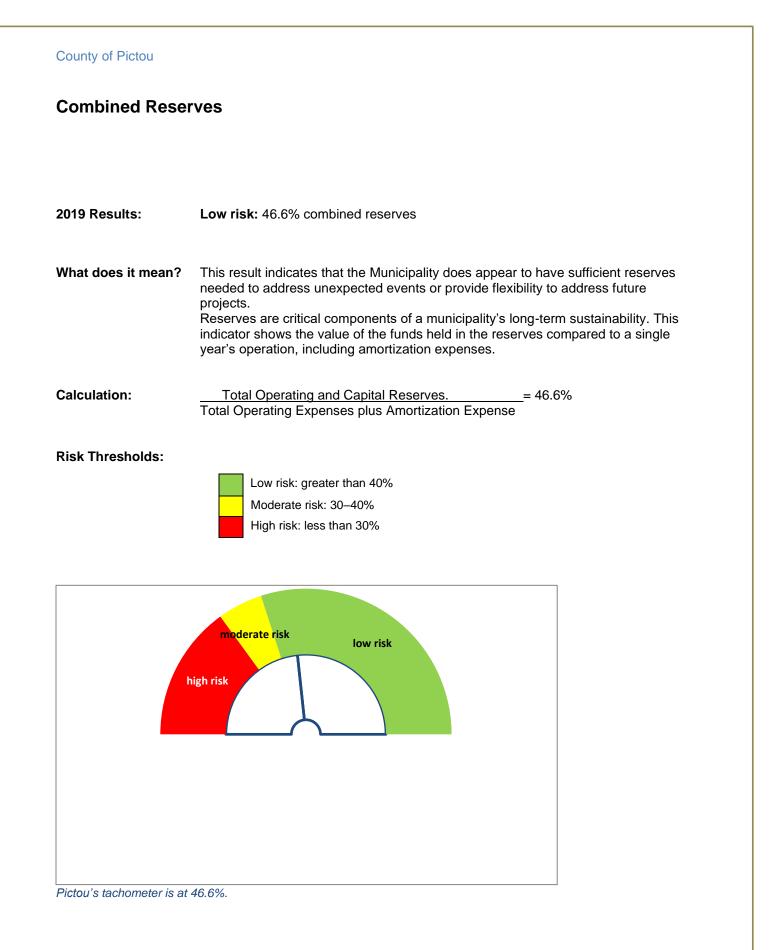


Figure 17- Annual operating fund surplus (deficits) for the last 5 years Source: Financial Information Return

# Liquidity

2019 Results:	Low risk: 2.3
What does it mean?	Liquidity is key to financial performance. The result indicates that the Municipality does not have a cash flow problem and is able to meet its service obligations.
Calculation:	<u>Total Current Financial Assets</u> = 2.3 Total Current Liabilities
Risk Thresholds:	Low risk: greater than 1.5 Moderate risk: 1 to 1.5 High risk: less than 1
Liqu	uidity Chart





# Appendix I – Additional Resources

Nova Scotia Government's Open Data Portal (data.novascotia.ca)

This portal provides access to various government data in a free, accessible, machine-readable format.

Financial datasets currently published through the Nova Scotia Government's Open Data Portal:

- 911 Municipal Grants
- Consolidated Revenues and Expenses by Municipality
- Municipal Affairs Funding Programs
- Emergency Services Provider Fund
- Farm Land Grant
- Financial Condition Indicators by Municipality
- Municipal Contributions to Roads
- Municipal Financial Capacity Grant (formally equalization program)
- Municipal Operating Fund- Summary of Revenue and Expenses by Municipality
- Municipal Operating Expenses by Function -10 Year Summary
- Municipal Operating Revenue by Source -10 Year Summary
- Municipal Property Tax Rates
- Nova Scotia Power Grant-in-Lieu
- Uniform Assessment

#### **Municipal website**

County.pictou.ns.ca

A municipality's website can be a helpful resource to access various financial information. Currently, most municipal websites provide:

- O audited Financial Statements
- O approved Operating Budget
- O quarterly municipal Expense Report
- O quarterly municipal Hospitality Expense Report

#### **Contact Municipal Affairs and Housing**

For more information, for support in action plan development, or to obtain a guide on action plan development:

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