

Counting Days

The Residential Tenancies Act:

- Is silent with respect as to how to count days and months for notice periods or when actions can be taken.

Reference:

N/A

Details:

The Act outlines various required notice periods, stated in days or months, for actions that a tenant or landlord wishes or may be required to perform.

In order for a landlord or tenant to comply with the Act, notice periods must be followed.

If notice periods are not followed, a tenant or landlord may take action for non-compliance or notices may not be valid.

Procedure:

Months

Months are not counted in days. If the Act requires a specific number of months' notice for a requirement, tenants and landlords are to serve the notice the specific number of months beforehand.

For example:

If a tenant wants to give a 1 month notice to quit for their month-to-month tenancy to be terminated effective December 31, they must give a 1 full months' notice. The tenant would be

required to give the 1 month notice on or before November 30, therefore giving one full month’s notice, the month of December, before the effective date of December 31.

Days

The Act may require a notice or action to be given or completed **after** a specified number of days or **within** a specified number of days.

In either case, you must start counting the number of days **after** the triggering event.
Examples: The date rent was due or the date you received a notice.

Determining the Date after a Specified Number of Days Have Passed

Where the Act requires a number of days to pass before a notice is given or an action is taken, use the following process to determine the date:

- Start counting on the day **after** the event
- Count out the required number of days
- The notice can be given or the action can be taken on the next day.

For Example:

A landlord wants to give a notice to quit for rental arrears for rent due on January 1. The Act allows the landlord to give the notice when the rent is in arrears for 15 days. The landlord would start counting on January 2 and count out 15 days which would be January 16. The notice to quit can be given on January 17, the rent was in arrears for 15 days after it was due.

Sunday	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday
			1 Rent is Due	2 Start Counting (1)	3 (2)	4 (3)
5 (4)	6 (5)	7 (6)	8 (7)	9 (8)	10 (9)	11 (10)
12 (11)	13 (12)	14 (13)	15 (14)	16 (15)	17 Serve the Notice to Quit	18

Important Points:

- Start counting the day AFTER rent is due
- Include weekends in your counting
- Deliver the Notice to Quit the day AFTER the counting period has ended
- A Notice to Quit can be delivered on a weekend

Determining the Date within a Specified Number of Days

Where the Act requires a notice to be given or an action taken **within** a specific number of days, use the following process to determine the date:

- Start counting on the day **after** the event
- Count out the required number of days
- The action must be taken on or before that day.

For Example:

A tenant received a notice to quit for rental arrears on January 17. The tenant wishes to pay their rent in full within the 15 day period of receiving a notice to quit setting aside the notice. The tenant would start counting on January 18 and count out 15 days, which would be February 1. The tenant would be required to pay their rent in full on or before February 1 to have the notice to quit set aside.

Sunday	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday
			1	2	3	4
5	6	7	8	9	10	11
12	13	14	15	16	17 Deliver the Notice to Quit	18 (1)
19 (2)	20 (3)	21 (4)	22 (5)	23 (6)	24 (7)	25 (8)
26 (9)	27 (10)	28 (11)	29 (12)	30 (13)	31 (14)	February 1 (15)

Important Points:

- Start counting the day AFTER the Notice is received
- The rent is due WITHIN the 15 days, so if rent is delivered on the 16th day, it is late
- Even if the last day lands on a weekend, the rent is still due on that day

Important:

Holidays may be counted as part of notice periods.

If a landlord or tenant is required to submit something to the Residential Tenancies Program and the last day of the period occurs on a day in which their local Access Centre is closed, the period is extended to the first day the Access Centre is open.